



Material Safety Data Sheet

Revision Date: 29-Jun-2015

Revision Number: 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name INSL-X EPOXY SWIMMING POOL PAINT ROYAL BLUE
Product Code IG-4024FR
Product Class EPOXY
Color Dark blue

Manufacturer Benjamin Moore & Co.
101 Paragon Drive
Montvale, NJ 07645
Phone: 800-225-5554
insl-x.com

Emergency Telephone Number(s)
CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON COMPONENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight % (max)
Polyamine adduct	-	10 - 30%
Kaolin	1332-58-7	10 - 30%
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	7 - 13 %
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	5 - 10%
Xylene	1330-20-7	3 - 7%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5%
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1 - 5%
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	1 - 5%
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5%
Copper chlorophthalocyanine	12239-87-1	1 - 5%
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	1 - 5%
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.25%
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 0.25%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

DANGER

Flammable. Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. May cause allergic skin reaction.

IMPORTANT: Designed to be mixed with other components. Mixture will have hazards of all components.

Appearance liquid

Odor solvent

Potential Health Effects

Principal Routes of Exposure Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation.

Acute Effects

Eyes

Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Skin

May cause skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation

High vapor / aerosol concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury, possibly progressing to death.

Chronic Effects

Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

HMIS **Health:** 1* **Flammability:** 3 **Reactivity:** 0 **PPE:** -

HMIS Legend

0 - Minimal Hazard

1 - Slight Hazard

2 - Moderate Hazard

3 - Serious Hazard

4 - Severe Hazard

* - Chronic Hazard

X - Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for "Special" handling instructions.

Note: The PPE rating has intentionally been left blank. Choose appropriate PPE that will protect employees from the hazards the material will present under the actual normal conditions of use.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer, has chosen to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used only in conjunction with a fully implemented HMIS® program by workers who have received appropriate HMIS® training. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Notes To Physician	Treat symptomatically.
Protection Of First-Aiders	Use personal protective equipment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam, dry powder or water. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Protective Equipment And Precautions For Firefighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical	Flammable. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact	No
Sensitivity To Static Discharge	Yes
Flash Point Data	
Flash Point (°F)	80
Flash Point (°C)	27
Flash Point Method	PMCC
Flammability Limits In Air	
Upper Explosion Limit	Not available
Lower Explosion Limit	Not available

NFPA Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special: Not Applicable

NFPA Legend
 0 - Not Hazardous
 1 - Slightly
 2 - Moderate
 3 - High
 4 - Severe

The ratings assigned are only suggested ratings, the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibilities for NFPA ratings where this system is used.

Additional information regarding the NFPA rating system is available from the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) at www.nfpa.org.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental Precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods For Clean-Up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
Other Information	None known

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Storage	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

Component	ACGIH	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
Kaolin 1332-58-7 (10 - 30%)	2 mg/m ³ - TWA	2 mg/m ³ - TWA	2 mg/m ³ - TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica	2 mg/m ³ - TWA containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica	5 mg/m ³ - TWA
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 (5 - 10%)	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA 3 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA	10 mg/m ³ - TWA
Xylene 1330-20-7 (3 - 7%)	100 ppm - TWA 150 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m ³ - TWA 150 ppm - STEL 651 mg/m ³ - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 150 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 435 mg/m ³ - TWA 150 ppm - STEV 650 mg/m ³ - STEV	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m ³ - TWA 150 ppm - STEV 651 mg/m ³ - STEV
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6 (1 - 5%)	N/E	N/E	50 ppm - TWA 75 ppm - STEL	270 mg/m ³ - TWA 50 ppm - TWA	N/E
Triethylenetetramine 112-24-3 (1 - 5%)	N/E	N/E	N/E	0.5 ppm - TWA 3 mg/m ³ - TWA Absorption through skin, eyes, or mucous membranes	N/E

Ethyl benzene 100-41-4 (1 - 5%)	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWA 434 mg/m ³ - TWA 125 ppm - STEL 543 mg/m ³ - STEL	20 ppm - TWA	20 ppm - TWA	100 ppm - TWAEV 434 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 125 ppm - STEV 543 mg/m ³ - STEV
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 107-98-2 (1 - 5%)	100 ppm - TWA 150 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWA 369 mg/m ³ - TWA 150 ppm - STEL 553 mg/m ³ - STEL	50 ppm - TWA 75 ppm - STEL	100 ppm - TWAEV 365 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 150 ppm - STEV 550 mg/m ³ - STEV	100 ppm - TWAEV 369 mg/m ³ - TWAEV 150 ppm - STEV 553 mg/m ³ - STEV
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (0.1 - 0.25%)	20 ppm - TWA	20 ppm - TWA 97 mg/m ³ - TWA	20 ppm - TWA	20 ppm - TWA	20 ppm - TWAEV 97 mg/m ³ - TWAEV
Cumene 98-82-8 (0.1 - 0.25%)	50 ppm - TWA	50 ppm - TWA 246 mg/m ³ - TWA	25 ppm - TWA 75 ppm - STEL	50 ppm - TWA	50 ppm - TWAEV 246 mg/m ³ - TWAEV

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 Alberta - Alberta Occupational Exposure Limits
 British Columbia - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits
 Ontario - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits
 Quebec - Quebec Occupational Exposure Limits
 N/E - Not established

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:.. Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin Protection

Long sleeved clothing. Protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions. When spraying the product or applying in confined areas, wear a NIOSH approved respirator specified for paint spray or organic vapors.

Hygiene Measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	liquid
Odor	solvent
Density (lbs/gal)	9.8 - 9.9
Specific Gravity	1.18 - 1.19
pH	Not available
Viscosity (centistokes)	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Vapor Pressure	Not available

Vapor Density	Not available
Wt. % Solids	65 - 75
Vol. % Solids	60 - 70
Wt. % Volatiles	25 - 35
Vol. % Volatiles	30 - 40
VOC Regulatory Limit (g/L)	<340
Boiling Point (°F)	248
Boiling Point (°C)	120
Freezing Point (°F)	Not available
Freezing Point (°C)	Not available
Flash Point (°F)	80
Flash Point (°C)	27
Flash Point Method	PMCC
Upper Explosion Limit	Not available
Lower Explosion Limit	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions To Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition.
Incompatible Materials	Incompatible with strong acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions	None under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.

Component

Kaolin

LD50 Oral: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Benzyl alcohol

LD50 Oral: 1230-1660 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 5,000 mg/m³ (Rat)

Titanium dioxide

LD50 Oral: > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 10000 mg/m³ (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Dust): > 6.82 mg/L (Rat, 4 hr.)

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic

LD50 Oral: 8400 mg/kg (Rat)

Xylene

LD50 Oral: 4300 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 5000 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

LD50 Oral: 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 18000 mg/m³ (Rat, 4 hr.)

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

LD50 Oral: 8532 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): > 4345 ppm

Triethylenetetramine

LD50 Oral: 2500 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 805 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethyl benzene

LD50 Oral: 3500 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 55000 mg/m³ (Rat, 2 hr.)

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether

LD50 Oral: 6,600 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 13,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 10,000 ppm (Rat)

2-Butoxyethanol

LD50 Oral: 470 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 220 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 450 ppm (Rat, 4 hr.)

Cumene

LD50 Oral: > 1400 mg/kg (Rat)

LD50 Dermal: 12300 µL/kg (Rabbit)

LC50 Inhalation (Vapor): 39000 mg/kg (Rat, 4 hr.)

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

The information below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA Carcinogen
Titanium dioxide		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed
Ethyl benzene	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed

2-Butoxyethanol	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans			
Cumene		2B - Possible Human Carcinogen		Listed

• Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP - National Toxicity Program
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product Information

Acute Toxicity to Fish

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

No information available

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No information available

Component

Acute Toxicity to Fish

Titanium dioxide

LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

Xylene

LC50: 13.5 mg/L (Rainbow Trout - 96 hr.)

Ethyl benzene

LC50: 12.1 mg/L (Fathead Minnow - 96 hr.)

2-Butoxyethanol

LC50: 1490 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish - 96 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

Ethyl benzene

EC50: 1.8 mg/L (Daphnia magna - 48 hr.)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Ethyl benzene
EC50: 4.6 mg/L (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 hrs.)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Local requirements may vary, consult your sanitation department or state-designated environmental protection agency for more disposal options.

Empty Container Warning Emptied containers may retain product residue. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Residual vapors may explode on ignition.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
UN-No UN1263
Packing Group III
Description UN1263, Paint, 3, III

ICAO / IATA Contact the preparer for further information.

IMDG / IMO Contact the preparer for further information.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA: United States Yes - All components are listed or exempt.
DSL: Canada Yes - All components are listed or exempt.

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

NPRI Parts 1- 4

This product contains the following Parts 1-4 NPRI chemicals:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No</u>	<u>Weight % (max)</u>	<u>NPRI Parts 1- 4</u>
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	7 - 13 %	Listed
Xylene	1330-20-7	3 - 7%	Listed
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5%	Listed
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1 - 5%	Listed
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5%	Listed
Copper chlorophthalocyanine	12239-87-1	1 - 5%	Listed
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	1 - 5%	Listed
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed

NPRI Part 5

This product contains the following NPRI Part 5 Chemicals:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No</u>	<u>Weight % (max)</u>	<u>NPRI Part 5</u>
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	5 - 10%	Listed
Xylene	1330-20-7	3 - 7%	Listed
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - 5%	Listed
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1 - 5%	Listed
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.1 - 0.25%	Listed

WHMIS Regulatory Status

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 Flammable liquid
D2A Very toxic materials
D2B Toxic materials



16. OTHER INFORMATION

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by logging onto Health Canada @ <http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hl-vs/iyh-vsv/prod/paint-peinture-eng.php>.

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Disclaimer

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IG-4024F
End of MSDS